Setting the Roadmap for More Effective Community Services

Developing a Local Planning Strategy for Child and Family Services in Toronto Summer Institute

June 5^{th,} 2015



Overview

- i. Planning for Wellbeing in Toronto's Child and Family Service Sector
- ii. Local Planning Work
- iii. Community Symposium Update
- iv. Proposal: A Local Planning Strategy for Toronto

Wellbeing for Toronto's Children & Families



Planning for Wellbeing



Toronto Child & Family Network

Every child has the right to high quality, meaningful childhood experiences that respect diversity, are rooted in communities, and support engagement in life-long learning and healthy development. An inclusive, integrated and accessible community service system places children at the centre, appreciates their unique potential, is responsive to families and promotes positive outcomes.



Working Together - Background

•Separate "Working Together" documents were developed in 2005: one for each school board, child care, and family support

•The documents were developed to guide collaborative development among early years service providers, focusing on programs in schools



Guiding Principles	 Child and Family-Centered High Quality Strong Partnerships Public Accountability
Building Relationships	 Family and Community Engagement Purposeful Communication and Information Sharing among Staff
Curriculum Framework and Pedagogical Approach	 Advancing on the Foundations of How Does Learning Happen?
Focus on Learning	 Play and inquiry learning approaches and intentional, planned programs Respect for diversity, equity and inclusion Knowledgeable, responsive and reflective educators
Focus on Children's Well- Being	 Skills Development and Progress Behaviour Guidance Meeting the Needs of All Children
Focus on Building Capacity	 Environments Use of Space and Resource Allocation





Current Network Objective

A consistent, made-in-Toronto systems approach to more effective planning and delivery of services that work for children and families **in their communities**.

Why Local Planning?

Explore coordinating and integrating services

- ✓ Overcome problems of fragmentation
- ✓ Reduce overlap and duplication of services
- ✓ Determine efficient use of resources

✓ Build better connections between early years programs

Local Planning in Context





Toronto and Local Planning: Looking Back





The three sites of practice established in 2010 to test assumptions in the development of Child and Family Centres (CFCs)

- Explore coordinating and integrating services
- ✓ Overcome problems of fragmentation
- ✓ Reduce overlap and duplication of services
- ✓ Determine efficient use of resources
- Build better connections between early years programs

Sites of Practice: Community Integration Leader

REPORT 1: historical review and analysis of service integration strategies

REPORT 2: Investigated and defined integration concepts and explored how they are operationalized

REPORT 3: Explored the discussions and decisions made on how to build an integrated child and family service system

REPORT 4: Examined outcomes that would best capture the impact of integration efforts for children and families

REPORT 5: Investigated the optimal balance of universal and targeted programs, culturally responsive programming and outcomes specific to Aboriginal children and families



Developing a Local Planning Strategy for Toronto

Current Network Objective

A consistent, made-in-Toronto systems approach to more effective planning and delivery of services that work for children and families **in their communities**.

How do we get there?

Participative

Sectoral expertise

Building buy-in

Using what we know

Implementation-friendly

Interactive session themes & learning from Sites of Practice:

- Child and Family Experiences
- Defining Community
- Menu of Services
- Communication
- Leadership



"It was great to be at a table with people from different forums and to hear what others are doing."

"The three sites of practice brought a sense of confidence that sites can be unique, flexible and based on individual community needs."

"Organized and purposeful."

Table discussions allowed us to listen to others and develop a broader perspective of family needs and challenges."

Symposium: Ongoing Questions

- How can we design a system that provides both universal and targeted services?
- How do we improve access to our services?
- How do we, as a sector, get better at sharing information and data?
- What should Child and Family Centres look like in Toronto?

Symposium Next Steps

"We have a lot of work ahead to bridge people, organizations and communities."

Proposal: Local Planning Strategy

Ultimately, the goal is to develop a common, made-in-Toronto systems approach to more effective planning and delivery of services that work for children and families in their communities.

Criteria for a Successful Strategy

<u>A meaningful strategy for local planning in Toronto should:</u>

- Draw on the symposium feedback, knowledge from current practice, and further engagement;
- Align with provincial policy, including Ontario Early Years
 Policy Framework, and , when available, CFC development;
- Be both implementation-friendly & cognizant of resources;
- Give concrete action items;
- Support shared outcomes work;
- Be endorsed and taken on by the Network Steering Committee.

Working Timeline



A living document

5 Key Areas at the Child and Family Network Symposium (February 2015)

Child and Family Experiences

Defining Communities

Menu of Services

Leadership

Communication

Current (June 2015)

Child and Family Experiences

Defining Communities

Community Planning

Roles and Mandates

Understanding Success

Local Planning Strategy Overview



Child and Family Experiences

Proposal

- Set common expectations for a child and familycentred service system, that is, above all:
 - INCLUSIVE,
 - SEAMLESS and
 - RESPONSIVE

- What do these 3 terms mean to you?
- How should children and families' voices be reflected in planning for communities?

Defining Communities

Proposal

- Develop a process that defines communities for planning purposes that:
- 1. Starts with geography
- 2. Assesses demographics and trends in the given geography
- 3. Assesses communities not defined by geography and considers how to meet their needs

- What level of geography is a reasonable starting point?
- Who defines the community and how do residents and service providers participate in this process?

Community Planning

Proposal

- Develop a common approach for identifying local needs & asset mapping that identifies
 - Who needs to be served, what they need now, and what they will need in the future
 - What services already exist in the community and how "outside" services can be accessed
 - Opportunities for providing culturally competent and relevant services

- What planning process would work for Toronto's communities and what tools might be needed?
- How do we integrate access to services not specific to children & families? (e.g. employment supports, recreation, housing supports, health...)
- What approaches should we take to plan for underserved families and communities?

Roles & Mandates

Proposal	Clearly understood roles and responsibilities across
	the system, which ideally include:
Province	Provides a policy framework and overall direction, and leads large-scale initiatives such as aligning databases (for example, to simplify intake processes) developing a single identifier # for children and families
City/Province	Align policy/funding across Ministries and Divisions to support community work
City	Takes on a service system management role that establishes common, system-level expectations and supports for local flexibility
TCFN	Strengthens resource sharing & communication (e.g. website); leads development of a local planning strategy; monitors and sets direction at a system levelbased on shared outcomes
Local planning tables	Coordinate community services, align with system direction and goals, service navigation role

Roles & Mandates

- What opportunities are there to support local planning? (e.g. funding, policy alignment, data-sharing, existing resources)
- What can we expect local planning tables to deliver? (e.g. setting goals and being accountable for action taken, community plans, outcomes)

Understanding Success

Proposal

- An evaluation framework that guides the sector's work by:
 - Connecting local planning of child and family services with improved outcomes for children and families; and
 - Identifying success measures. for local planning tables.

- What does it mean for local planning to be effective?
- How do we connect with city-wide shared outcomes?



David Lee

Consultant, Children's Services <u>dleea@toronto.ca</u>

Joey Reeder

Urban Fellow, Children's Services

jreeder@toronto.ca